

Geography - Progression of Key Concepts and National Curriculum Theme coverage



Over-arching Aims of the Geography Curriculum

The national curriculum for geography aims to ensure that all pupils:

- develop contextual knowledge of the location of globally significant places both terrestrial and marine including their defining physical and human characteristics and how these provide a geographical context for understanding the actions of processes
- understand the processes that give rise to key physical and human geographical features of the world, how these are interdependent and how they bring about spatial variation and change over time
- are competent in the geographical skills needed to:
 - o collect, analyse and communicate with a range of data gathered through experiences of fieldwork that deepen their understanding of geographical processes
 - o interpret a range of sources of geographical information, including maps, diagrams, globes, aerial photographs and Geographical Information Systems (GIS)
 - o communicate geographical information in a variety of ways, including through maps, numerical and quantitative skills and writing at length.

Year	1	2	3	4	5	6
All encompassing Concepts			 locate the v Russia) and key physica Use geographic use maps, a describe feature use the eigh (including the u Kingdom and the use fieldwo features in the 	nt points of a compass, four	ps to focus on Europe (inconcentrating on their ends, countries, and major citwery theme: omputer mapping to locate and six-figure grid references) to build their knowledgecord and present the hum	eds to be covered: cluding the location of vironmental regions, ies te countries and ences, symbols and key ge of the United an and physical
Theme Specific	Diversity	Diversity	Vegetation	Vegetation	Vegetation	Vegetation
Concepts	Landscape	Landscape	Settlement	Settlement	Settlement	Settlement

	Environment Population Region Settlement Continent	Environment Population Region Settlement Continent Atmosphere Climate Sustainability Vegetation Trade	Population Region Trade Development Sustainability Diversity Atmosphere Climate Continent Landscape Environment Resources Biome Fertile	Population Region Trade Development Sustainability Diversity Atmosphere Climate Continent Landscape Environment Resources Biome Fertile	Population Region Trade Development Sustainability Diversity Atmosphere Climate Continent Landscape Environment Resources Biome Fertile	Population Region Trade Development Sustainability Diversity Atmosphere Climate Continent Landscape Environment Resources Biome Fertile
NC Knowledge	Who am I? Explore individuality and identity. Iname and locate the world's seven continents and five oceans It was world maps, atlases and globes to identify the United Kingdom and its countries, as well as the countries, continents and oceans studied at this key stage It was simple fieldwork and observational	weather understand geographical similarities and differences through studying the human and physical geography of a small area of the United Kingdom, and of a small area in a contrasting non- European country identify seasonal and daily weather patterns in the United Kingdom and the location	Study of the UK (3 week theme) • name and locate counties and cities of the United Kingdom, geographical regions and their identifying human and physical characteristics, key topographical features (including hills, mountains, coasts and rivers), and land-use patterns; and understand how some of	Amazon Rainforest describe and understand key aspects of: • physical geography, including: climate zones, biomes and vegetation belts, rivers, mountains, volcanoes and earthquakes, and the water cycle • human geography, including: types of settlement and land use, economic activity	Ernest Shackleton Identify the position and significance of latitude, longitude, Equator, Northern Hemisphere, Southern Hemisphere, the Tropics of Cancer and Capricorn, Arctic and Antarctic Circle, the Prime/Greenwich Meridian and time zones (including day and night)	Mountains, Volcanoes and Earthquakes (3 week theme) describe and understand key aspects of: • physical geography, including: climate zones, biomes and vegetation belts, rivers, mountains, volcanoes and earthquakes, and the water cycle

skills to study the	of hot and cold	these aspects	including trade	
geography of their	areas of the world	have changed	links, and the	
school and	in relation to the	over time	distribution of	
its grounds and	Equator and the	over time	natural resources	
_	North and South			
the key human			including energy,	
and physical	Poles		food, minerals	
features of its			and water	
surrounding	Town Mouse Country			
environment.	Mouse			
	use basic geographical			
	vocabulary to refer to:			
	 key physical 			
	features,			
	including: beach,			
	cliff, coast, forest,			
	hill, mountain,			
	sea, ocean, river,			
	soil, valley,			
	vegetation,			
	season and			
	weather			
	 key human 			
	features,			
	including: city,			
	town, village,			
	factory, farm,			
	house, office,			
	port, harbour and			
	shop			
	 name, locate and 			
	identify			
	characteristics of			
	the four countries			
	and capital cities			
	of the United			
	of the officed			

		Kingdom and its surrounding seas				
Links to other subjects	Taught through history theme 'The Castle': Use aerial photographs and plan perspectives to recognise landmarks and basic human and physical features; devise a simple map; and use and construct basic symbols in a key use simple compass directions (North, South, East and West) and locational and directional language [for example, near and far; left and right], to describe the location of features and routes on a map Taught through the History theme 'The Royal Family'.		Use Ancient Egypt theme to study the River Nile and human geography, including: • types of settlement and land use, economic activity including trade links, and the distribution of natural resources including energy, food, minerals and water	Use Ancient Greece theme to study: • understand geographical similarities and differences through the study of human and physical geography of a region of the United Kingdom, a region in a European country	Use WWII theme to study Britain's axis and allies: I locate the world's countries, using maps to focus on Europe (including the location of Russia) and North and South America	Use Ancient Maya theme to learn: • Geography link: understand geographical similarities and differences through the study of human and physical geography of a region within North or South America • human geography, including: types of settlement and land use, economic activity including trade links, and the distribution of natural resources including energy, food, minerals and water

	Study of London as a			
	capital city.			
	name, locate and			
	identify			
	characteristics of the			
	four countries and			
	capital cities of the			
	United Kingdom and			
	its surrounding seas'			
Links to capabilities				
Links to literacy texts				
Enrichment				
opportunities				

Year group specific skills progression, s-plans, theme concepts and vocabulary mats should be used in planning to teach these themes and create knowledge organisers and quizzes.