



Checked by Scho	ool Leader/ Key Stage Leader	Name/ Signature/ Date:		
Checked by Visib	ole Learning Coach	Name/ Signature/ Date:		
Monitoring	The school is required to regularly monitor the delivery of this Vertical Skills Progression Map. The school must complete an annual review of its Sc Vertical Progression Map to check the implementation of curriculum documentation.  Ongoing monitoring of planning, learning evidence and pupil knowledge will take place as part of good practice by subject and school lead information from monitoring will be used to inform in school / Trust CPD Subject Training			
Definition and Guidance	Information from monitoring will be used to inform in school/ Trust CPD Subject Training.			

### **Planning**

During the **planning** phase, learners think about the learning intention and consider how they will approach the task and which strategies they will use. At this stage, it is helpful for learners to ask themselves:

'What am I being asked to do?'

'Which strategies will I use?'

'Are there any strategies that I have used before that might be useful?'

Inquiring – identifying, exploring and organising information and ideas





Learners pose questions and identify and clarify information and ideas, and then organise and process information. They use questioning to investigate and analyse ideas and issues, make sense of and assess information and ideas, and collect, compare and evaluate information from a range of sources. In developing and acting with critical and creative thinking, learners:

- pose questions
- identify and clarify information and ideas
- organise and process information.

Learning Progression	EYFS	Key Stage One	Lower Key Stage Two	<b>Upper Key Stage Two</b>
Pose questions	pose factual and exploratory	pose questions to identify and	pose questions to expand their	pose questions to clarify and
	questions based on personal	clarify issues, and compare	knowledge about the world	interpret information and
	interests and experiences	information in their world		probe for causes and
				consequences
Identify and clarify information	identify and describe familiar	identify and explore	identify main ideas and select	identify and clarify relevant
and ideas	information and ideas during a	information and ideas from	and clarify information from a	information and prioritise ideas
	discussion or investigation	source materials	range of sources	
Organise and process	gather similar information or	organise information based on	collect, compare and categorise	analyse, condense and combine
information	depictions from given sources	similar or relevant ideas from	facts and opinions found in a	relevant information from
		several sources	widening range of sources	multiple sources

### Generating ideas, possibilities and actions element

Learners create ideas and actions, and consider and expand on known actions and ideas.

Learners imagine possibilities and connect ideas through considering alternatives, seeking solutions and putting ideas into action. They explore situations and generate alternatives to guide actions and experiment with and assess options and actions when seeking solutions. In developing and acting with critical and creative thinking, learners:

- imagine possibilities and connect ideas
- consider alternatives
- seek solutions and put ideas into action

Learning Progression	EYFS	Key Stage One	Lower Key Stage Two	Upper Key Stage Two
Imagine possibilities and	use imagination to view or	build on what they know to	expand on known ideas to	combine ideas in a variety of
connect ideas	create things in new ways and	create ideas and possibilities in	create new and imaginative	ways and from a range of
	connect two things that seem	ways that are new to them	combinations	sources to create new
	different			possibilities
		develop and/or produce		
	Some learners will participate in	spoken, written or multimodal		





	viewing activities by listening to	texts in print or digital forms		
	an adult or peer describing the			
	visual features of text,			
	diagrams, pictures and			
	multimedia			
Consider alternatives	suggest alternative and creative	identify and compare creative	explore situations using	identify situations where
	ways to approach a given	ideas to think broadly about a	creative thinking strategies to	current approaches do not
	situation or task	given situation or problem	propose a range of alternatives	work, challenge existing ideas
				and generate alternative
				solutions
Seek solutions and put ideas	predict what might happen in a	investigate options and predict	experiment with a range of	assess and test options to
into action	given situation and when	possible outcomes when	options when seeking solutions	identify the most effective
	putting ideas into action	putting ideas into action	and putting ideas into action	solution and to put ideas into
				action

#### **Monitoring**

During the **monitoring** phase, learners implement their plan and monitor the progress they are making towards their learning goal. Learners might decide to make changes to the strategies they are using if these are not working. As learners work through the task, it will help them to ask themselves:

'Is the strategy that I am using working?'
'Do I need to try something different?'

#### Reflecting on thinking and processes element

Learners need to reflect on, adjust and explain their thinking and identify the thinking behind choices, strategies and actions taken.

Learners think about thinking (metacognition), reflect on actions and processes, and transfer knowledge into new contexts to create alternatives or open up possibilities. They apply knowledge gained in one context to clarify another. In developing and acting with critical and creative thinking, learners:

- think about thinking (metacognition)
- reflect on processes
- transfer knowledge into new contexts.

<b>Learning Progression</b>	EYFS	Key Stage One	Lower Key Stage Two	Upper Key Stage Two
Think about thinking	describe what they are thinking	describe the thinking strategies	reflect on, explain and check	reflect on assumptions made,
(metacognition)	and give reasons why	used in given situations and	the processes used to come to	consider reasonable criticism
		tasks	conclusions	and adjust their thinking if
				necessary
Reflect on processes	identify the main elements of	outline the details and	identify pertinent information	identify and justify the thinking





	the steps in a thinking process	sequence in a whole task and	in an investigation and separate	behind choices they have made
		separate it into workable parts	into smaller parts or ideas	
Transfer knowledge into new	connect information from one	use information from a	transfer and apply information	apply knowledge gained from
contexts	setting to another	previous experience to inform a	in one setting to enrich another	one context to another
		new idea		unrelated context and identify
				new meaning

#### Evaluation

During the **evaluation** phase, learners determine how successful the strategy they used was in helping them to achieve their learning goal. To promote evaluation, learners could consider:

'How well did I do?'

'What didn't go well?' 'What could I do differently next time?'

'What went well?' 'What other types of problem can I use this strategy for?'

### Analysing, synthesising and evaluating reasoning and procedures element

Learners need to analyse, synthesise and evaluate the reasoning and procedures used to find solutions, evaluate and justify results or inform courses of action.

Learners identify, consider and assess the logic and reasoning behind choices. They differentiate components of decisions made and actions taken and assess ideas, methods and outcomes against criteria. In developing and acting with critical and creative thinking, learners:

- apply logic and reasoning
- draw conclusions and design a course of action
- evaluate procedures and outcomes

Learning Progression	<u>EYFS</u>	Key Stage One	Lower Key Stage Two	Upper Key Stage Two
Apply logic and reasoning	identify the thinking used to	identify reasoning used in	identify and apply appropriate	assess whether there is
	solve problems in given	choices or actions in specific	reasoning and thinking	adequate reasoning and
	situations	situations	strategies for particular	evidence to justify a claim,
			outcomes	conclusion or outcome
Draw conclusions and design a	share their thinking about	identify alternative courses of	draw on prior knowledge and	scrutinise ideas or concepts,
course of action	possible courses of action	action or possible conclusions	use evidence when choosing a	test conclusions and modify
		when presented with new	course of action or drawing a	actions when designing a
		information	conclusion	course of action
Evaluate procedures and	check whether they are	evaluate whether they have	explain and justify ideas and	evaluate the effectiveness of
outcomes	satisfied with the outcome of	accomplished what they set out	outcomes	ideas, products, performances,
	tasks or actions	to achieve		methods and courses of action
				against given criteria





